Curriculum Progression Pathway

DESIGN TECHNOLOGY

Why is the study of Design and Technology important?

Design and Technology is a practical and valuable subject. It enables students to actively contribute to the creativity, culture, wealth and well-being of themselves, their community and their nation. It teaches how to take risks and so become more resourceful, innovative, enterprising and capable. Students develop a critical understanding of the impact of design and technology on daily life and the wider world. Additionally, it provides excellent opportunities for students to develop and apply value judgments of an aesthetic, economic, moral, social, and technical nature both in their own designing and when evaluating the work of others.

What students will know and understand from their study -

Across the key stage 3 curriculum the aims of Design and Technology curriculum is to include the development of capability within the subject, along with broad general skills. Below details the skills and knowledge that will be gained across the three years.

What skills will the study of Design and Technology teach you?

Design and Technology use knowledge, skills and understanding from within the subject itself and also a wide range of other sources, especially but not exclusively science and mathematics. Design and Technology will teach you to:

- Develop resilience by not being afraid of challenges when solving problems, but to break them down and keep trying.
- Be creative in developing solutions to real world problems.
- Use modelling and annotated sketches to develop and communicate ideas.
- How to act responsibly within a practical environment thinking of the safety of yourself and others..
- Identify how to competently use a range of practical techniques across a range of disciplines.



- Apply and use CAD/CAM equipment to design and manufacture a range of products and components considering scale of production and precision.
- Work independently and part of a team to solve complex problems.
- Construct reasoned arguments to ethical, social and moral problems that have arisen due to technology and communicate these in an effective way.
- Identify links between different materials and contextual references.
- Test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against a specification, taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups.
- Understand and apply the principles of nutrition and health.
- Cook a repertoire of predominantly savoury dishes so that they are able to feed themselves and others a healthy and varied diet.
- Become competent in a range of cooking techniques (for example, selecting and preparing ingredients: using utensils and electrical equipment, applying heat in different ways: using awareness of taste, texture and smell to decide how to season dishes and combine ingredients, adapting and using their recipes).
- Understand the source, seasonality and characteristics of a broad range of ingredients.

What will you know and understand from your study of Design and Technology?

- How to classify materials including smart materials and discuss their physical properties.
- How to use simple electronic circuits incorporating inputs and outputs.
- How to manufacture products with reference to their materials physical properties.
- Students will learn to use and adjust equipment and machinery dependent on tasks.
- Use learning from science and mathematics to help design and manufacture components and products.
- Students will learn to consider the influence of a range of lifestyle factors and consumer choices when designing and analysing products.
- Students will know and understand additional factors to consider such as ergonomics, anthropometrics or dietary needs.
- How to use a variety of approaches, for example biomimicry and user-centred design to generate creative ideas and avoid stereotypical responses.

- Students will be able to evaluate their work against an increasing range of designers, engineers, chefs, technologists and manufacturers and be able to relate their product to their own designing and making.
- How to competently use a range of cooking techniques for example, selecting and preparing ingredients; using utensils and electrical equipment.

Curriculum Planning

It is recognised schools are teaching a wide range of KS4 specifications, the themes and subject content have been identified from the following sources :

- The Design and Technology programmes of study for KS3
- GCSE subject content for Design and Technology
- WJEC Level 1/2 in Hospitality and Catering.
- BTEC Technical award Engineering

Curriculum content only covers core knowledge common to all KS4 specifications. It is expected schools will include additional content from their chosen specification into their planning.

Context – Subject Curriculum Progression Overview

DESIG	N AND TECHNOLOGY CURRICULUM PROGRESSION OVER	/IEW OUTWOOD ACADEMY CITY	
	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9
l	Pewter cast keyring:	Souvenir Clock:	Lamp:
	Year 7 students will learn about H&S in the workshops and how they can work safely and productively in them. Students will be introduced to a variety of materials including Pewter, MDF board and Acrylic. Knowledge introduces students to biomimicry and producing designs to a specification. Students will be introduced to mood boards and given good examples to work with. They will be introduced to a specification and how to analyse a design brief. They will learn about basic materials such as MDF, Pewter and Acrylic. They will learn the properties of the materials and how to cut and shape them. Students will be introduced to mould making and pewter casting. Students will evaluate their outcomes at multiple stages. They will evaluate their initial design, then create a paper template to check the accuracy of their silhouette then finally evaluate the finished product.	Year 8 students will learn about different designers feeding into the KS4 curriculum. They will take influence from designers to produce a clock face that mimics their style. Students will have the opportunity to work with MDF, Pine and Mechanisms. The students will also get the opportunity to use computer aided design. This will provide students with a greater knowledge of CAD - Computer Aided Design - Introduced using the 2D design software and vectorising a suitable image, referring to design brief They also get the opportunity to develop their designing skills by producing designs for the lamp which will be a fully functioning product. Knowledge covers Softwoods and Hardwoods, tools and permanent and non permanent fixings. Skills cover how to mark out, how to cut a finger joint and how to use 2D design to effectively create a clock face.	Year 9 students will learn about sustainability and sustainable design. In year 9 they will make a lamp. They will learn about Polymers and simple circuits with inputs and outputs. Students will create a pine framed lamp in anglepoise style. They will be encouraged to think creatively to create a shade for their lamp from a recycled polymer. Students will learn about simple circuits by populating a circuit to create the light for their lamp. Knowledge covers cutting using Hegner saws, coping saws and using files to create a shaped base. They will learn about drilling holes and differences between screws/bolts. Students will be encouraged to think more independently and make their own design choices. Students will be encouraged to evaluate their finished product.

Graphics	Graphics	Graphics
Board game	Chocolate mould	Album cover
Year 7 students will learn how to use Photoshop to create a board game. They will make the game, box and any relevant pieces. Students will be encouraged to evaluate at stages throughout the project where they will test and refine their ideas. Students will learn how to use Photoshop and gather and share images. They will learn about gathering research and how to utilise the internet to help with research. They will learn to think about different users and how to design with a demographic in mind. They will know about how to fold an existing net and incorporate their designs into this.	Year 8 students will learn about the purpose of packaging and how to create their own. They will learn about net packaging and tessellation, also how to add their designs in the form of logos and graphics. They will create a design for 4 individual chocolates and then create a reusable mould. They will also create the packaging in their chosen theme to house the chocolates. They will learn how to incorporate CAD CAM into their design process through the use of laser cutters and vacuum forming machinery. They will know about research methods, primary and secondary. They will know how to choose the correct materials in paper and board and how to create a net design. They will know how to create a draft angle for moulding and the purpose this holds.	<text></text>

Year 7 food	Year 8 food	Year 9 food
Health and safety	Energy and nutrition	What it takes to be a Baker
Eatwell guide	Special diets	Kitchen brigade
Processed food The focus for year 7 food is learning how to work safely in a kitchen environment. They will learn how to sort hazards and prevent/minimise them. They will also learn about the Eatwell guide and how to eat healthy meals. Students will learn how to cook a variety of predominantly savoury meals. Using the bridge and claw grip to safely cut food. Using the correct chopping boards and how to identify them. Blind baking and how to use the blind baking method to produce jam tarts. How to make simple dough to make a pizza and cook this in a safe way.	Organic farming The focus for year 8 food is energy and nutrition. They will learn about where energy comes from and about sugar and the origins of sugar. They will taste test sugar and learn how to evaluate different tastes. They will also learn about people who eat special diets for a variety of circumstances such as allergies, dietary requirements and religion. They will also learn about organic foods and the importance of organic farming. Students will learn how to make honeycomb and melting sugar. They will learn how to analyse tastes and make informed judgements. They will learn about culture and cultural beliefs and how this influences food choices. They will also learn about dietary requirements and how to adapt recipes to suit different requirements.	Year 9 food curriculum will prepare students for KS4 learning about the requirements of baking and working as a baker. They will learn about how to operate as part of a kitchen team and the importance of different job roles such as head chef and waiters. Students will learn about baking and using an oven, they will learn how to make and roll out dough then to blind bake doubt to make pastries. They will start to learn about the job roles in the kitchen team and this will feed into KS4 Hospitality and catering curriculum.

DESIGN A	DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY CURRICULUM PROGRESSION OVERVIEW - AQA design and technology		
	Year 10	Year 11	
Autumn Term 1 Core Knowledg e and principals	Core Knowledge and principals New and emerging technologies Energy generation and storage Developments in new and modern materials Skills Keyring Trinket box	NEA	
Autumn Term 2	Core Knowledge and principals	NEA	

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	Systems approach to designing	
Core	Mechanical devices	
e and principals	Materials and their working properties	
PPare	Skills	
	Injection moulding	
	Thermoplastics and laser cutting	
Spring 3	Core Knowledge and principals	NEA
Core Knowledg	Forces and stresses	
e and	Ecological and social footprint	
principais	Scales of production	
	Surface treatments and finishes	
	Skills	
	Orthographic projections	
	Wood joints	

Spring 4	Core Knowledge and principals	NEA	
	The work of others		
	Primary and secondary data		
	Communication of design ideas		Mall 19.
	Prototype development		
	Selection of materials and components		
	Skills		
	Design and make challenge 'Gadget holder'		
		9	1.17
			116

Summer	Core Knowledge and principals	NEA	
5	Tolerances		
Core Knowledg	Specialist tools and equipment		
e and principals	Specialist techniques and processes		
	Materials management		3
	Skills		
	Design and make challenge 'Gadget holder'		

Summer	NEA content review	
0	Context analysis	
Core Knowledg e and	Customer research	
principals		

Term	Hospitality and catering	9
	Year 10	Year 11
Autumn term 1	Unit 1 Hospitality and catering providers	Unit 2
	Food service	
Core	Ratings and standards	
Knowledg	Job roles	

e and principals	Qualifications, skills and attributes <u>Practical skills</u> Students will learn to present cooked food through a variety of techniques such as slicing, chopping and colour theory. They will learn how to prepare bun and piping techniques using complex piping techniques. They will learn about poaching food and make eggs benedict.		
Autumn	Unit 1 Working conditions	Unit 2	
term 2	Factors affecting success		
Core	The environment		
Knowledg e and	Kitchen layout		
principals	Specialist equipment		
	Front of house		
	Practical skills Students will learn how to shape raw meat and make a burger patty. They will serve this into a burger alongside mayonnaise targeting complex levels of skill. They will watch demonstrations about how to fillet fish and make their own fish pie with potato toppings. They will also learn how to whisk eggs to make meringue nests.		
Spring term 3	Unit 1 Kitchen documentation	Unit 2	
	Customer needs, requirements and rights		
Core Knowledg e and principals	Health and Safety Risks and controls <u>Practical skills</u> Students will learn how to make fresh pasta and use a pasta roller. They will use this pasta to make ravioli using a filling of their choice. Students will be encouraged to think about sustainability and health benefits. They will learn about enriched yeast dough and making hot crossed buns. They will learn how to adapt recipes and make a filling for a		

	Mediterranean flan using the blind baking method.	
Spring term 4	Unit 1 Food related to the causes of ill health	Unit 2
	Bacteria	
Core Knowledg	The environmental health officer	
e and	Food safety laws	
principals	Recommend and justify provision	
	Practical skills Students will learn the complex skill of making choux pastry and piping. This skill will enable them to make sweet dishes such as eclairs and profiteroles. They will also practise their skills in handling and preparing raw meat. They will make chicken curry and learn about marinating chicken, also wider food choices and how this recipe could be adapted to make a vegetarian option.	
Summer term 5	Unit 1 Revision of topics	Unit 2
Core Knowledg e and principals	Practical skills Students will learn to make use of seasonal vegetables and produce by making a vegetable soup. They will think about the texture and visual appeal of their dishes by considering cutting/chopping techniques and garnishes. They will also learn to use a bain marie and make chocolate mouse. These dishes help encourage students to think about menu preparation and choice.	
Summer term 6	Unit 1 Mock exams and preparation for Unit 2	Exam revision
Core Knowledg e and principals		

Assessment

Assessment Objectives Design and Technology

	Design	Make	Evaluate	Technical Knowledge
Y10	1.Understand that all design and technological practice takes place within contexts which inform outcomes	1.Develop and apply in-depth knowledge by selecting and working with appropriate materials and components in order to produce a prototype	1.Test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against the specification taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups.	1.Understand the impact of new and emerging technologies on industry, enterprise, sustainability, people, culture, society and the environment, production techniques and systems.
	2. Investigate and analyse the work of past and present professionals and companies in the area of design and technology in order to help inform their own ideas	2.Apply in depth knowledge using appropriate and accurate marking out methods including measuring and use of reference points, lines and surfaces; use templates, jigs and/or patterns; work within tolerances; understand efficient cutting and how to minimise waste.	2.Critically evaluate new and emerging technologies to inform design decisions; considering contemporary and potential future scenarios from different perspectives, such as ethics and the environment.	2.Know how energy is generated and stored in order to choose and use appropriate sources to make products and to power systems.
	3.Use different design strategies, such as collaboration, user-centred design and	3.Follow procedures for safety and write risk assessments.		

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systems thinking, to generate initial ideas and avoid design fixation.	4.Use specialist techniques and processes to shape, fabricate, construct and assemble a high quality prototype, including techniques such as wastage.	3.Evaluate an increasing range of designers, engineers, technologists and manufacturers and be able to relate their products to their own designing and making.	3.Understand developments in modern and smart materials, composite materials and technical textiles.
4.Design and develop at least one prototype that responds to needs and/or wants and is fit for purpose, demonstrating functionality, aesthetics, marketability and consideration of innovation	addition, deforming and reforming, as appropriate to the materials and/or components being used 5.Use appropriate surface treatments and finishes for functional and aesthetic purposes	4.Understand h provide functio processes, inclu devices to resp and devices to outputs	4.Understand how electronic systems provide functionality to products and processes, including sensors and control devices to respond to a variety of inputs, and devices to produce a range of outputs
5.Consider additional factors such as ergonomics and anthropometrics.			5.Understand how the use of programmable components are used to embed functionality into products in order to enhance and customise their operation
			6.Understand the functions of mechanical devices, to produce different sorts of movement, changing the magnitude and direction of forces:
			7.Know how to make adjustments to the settings of equipment and machinery such as sewing machines and drilling machines.
			8.Use learning from science and maths to help design and make products that work.

Y9	1.Work confidently within a range of relevant domestic, local and industrial contexts, such as the home, health, leisure, culture, engineering, manufacture etc.	1.Produce costings spreadsheets for products they design and make.	8.Evaluate the concept of circular economy approaches in relation to product development and consumption.	1. How to construct and use simple and compound gear trains to drive mechanical systems from a high revving motor.
	2.Consider the influence of a range of lifestyle and consumer choices when designing products.	2.Match and select suitable materials and their fitness for purpose.3.Adapt their method of manufacture to changing circumstances.	9.Test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against the specification taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups.	2. How to make adjustments to the settings of equipment and machinery such as sewing machines and drilling machines.
	3.Take creative risks when making design decisions.	4.Recognise when it is necessary to develop a new skill or technique.	10.Evaluate new and emerging technologies.	3.Use learning from science and maths to help design and make products that work.
	4.Analyse where human values may conflict and compromise has to be achieved.	5.Follow procedures for safety and understand the process of risk assessments.	11.Evaluate an increasing range of designers, engineers, technologists and manufacturers and be able to relate their products to their own designing and making.	4.Understand the properties of materials, including smart materials, and how they can be used to advantage.
	5.Decide which design criteria clash and determine which should take priority.	6.Make independent choices when selecting and using a broad range of manufacturing techniques including hand craft skills and machinery to manufacture products precisely.		
	6.Consider additional factors such as ergonomics and anthropometrics.	7.Apply a range of finishing techniques to a broad range of materials.		

1.Use research and begin to exploration , such as the study of different cultures, to identify and begin understand user needs.	 Select from a wider, more complex range of materials and components, taking into account their properties. Make simple use of planning tools for instance Gantt 	1.Select appropriate methods to evaluate their products in use and modify them to improve performance.	1.How to apply computing and use electronics to embed intelligence in products that responds to inputs.
2.To identify and solve issues within a design development task.	charts, communicate their plans clearly so that others can implement them.	2.Produce shorts reports making suggestions for improvements.	2. How to control outputs such as
3.Develop specifications to inform the design of innovative, functional,	3.Use a broad range of material joining techniques including stitching, mechanical fastenings, heat processes and adhesives.	3.Evaluate products that they are less familiar with using themselves.	actuators and motors.
appealing products that respond to needs in a variety of uses.	4.Make independent choices when selecting and using CAD/CAM to manufacture products/components and	 Evaluate products considering life cycle analysis. 	3. How to use software and hardware to to develop programmes and transfer
 Use a variety of influences, to generate creative ideas and avoid stereotypical responses. 	apply surface finishing techniques to increase the standard of quality.	5.Evaluate how products can be developed considering the concept of cradle to grave.	these programmable components for example, microcontrollers.
5.Use 2D and 3D to model and develop their ideas.	5.Follow procedures for safety and understand the process of risk assessments.	6.Test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against the specification	 How to make use of microcontrollers in products they design and manufacture themselves.
6.Use CAD software to validate their designs in advance of manufacture.	6.Make independent choices when selecting and using a broad range of manufacturing techniques including hand craft skills and machinery to manufacture products provided.	taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups.	5.How to make adjustments to the settings of equipment and machinery
7.Develop and communicate design ideas using annotated sketches, detailed plans, 3-D and mathematical modelling, oral	7.Apply a range of finishing techniques to a broad	7.Evaluate new and emerging technologies.	such as sewing machines and drilling machines.
and digital presentations and computer-based tools.		8.Evaluate an increasing range of designers, engineers, technologists and manufacturers and be able to relate	help design and make products that work.
8.Consider additional factors such as ergonomics and anthropometrics.		their products to their own designing and making.	Understand the properties of materials, including smart materials, and how they can be used to advantage.

Y7	1.Use research, such as the study of different cultures, to identify user needs.	1.Produce ordered sequences and schedules for manufacturing products they design detailing resources required.	1.Evaluate their products against their original specification and identify ways to improve them.	1.How to classify materials by structure e.g. hard words, soft wood, ferrous and non-ferrous, thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics.
	2.Be able to outline a simple specification to inform design ideas and guide their thinking.	2.Make use of specialist equipment to mark out materials.	2.Actively involve others in the testing of their products.	 2.Consider the physical properties of materials. e.g brittleness malleability. 3.How to use simple electronic circuits incorporating inputs and outputs.
	3.Use 2D packages to model their ideas.	3.Use a broad range of material joining techniques including stitching, mechanical fastenings, heat processes and adhesives.	3.Evaluate products through disassembly to determine how they are constructed and function.	 4.Consider textile fibre sources e.g. natural and synthetic. 5.How materials can be cast in moulds.
	4.Produce models of their ideas using CAM to test ideas.	4.Select and use CAD/CAM to manufacture products/components and apply surface finishing techniques to increase the standard of quality.	 Evaluate the positive and negative impact that products can have in the wider world. 	6.Make use of sensors to detect heat, light etc such as thermistors and light dependent resistors.
	5.Be able to independently generate creative ideas inform by stimulus using annotations to explain key features relating to brief/specification.	5.Investigate and develop skills in modifying the appearance of materials including textiles and other manufactured materials.	5.Test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against the specification taking into account the views of intended users and other interested	 7.How to make adjustments to the settings of equipment and machinery such as sewing machines and drilling machines. 8.Use learning from science and maths to help design and make products that
	6.Consider additional factors such as ergonomics and anthropometrics.	6.Follow procedures for safety and understand the process of risk assessments.	groups.	work. 9.Understand the properties of materials, including smart materials, and how they
		7.Select and use a broad range of manufacturing techniques including hand craft skills and machinery to manufacture products precisely.	6.Evaluate new and emerging technologies.	
		8.Apply a range of finishing techniques to a broad range of materials.	7.Evaluate an increasing range of designers, engineers, technologists and manufacturers and be able to relate their products to their own designing and making.	

Assessment Grids – Age Related Assessment Descriptors

Design and Technology

Scheme of Work	Design	Make	Evaluate	Technical Knowledge
Excelling Working well above ARE (Trajectory for Grade 8 – 9)	I can explain how engineers/ designers from different sectors contribute /generate a product. I can create imaginative, creative and innovative ideas, fully avoiding design fixation and with full consideration of design functionality, aesthetics and innovation. I can produce detailed annotation that clearly justifies how I have considered the user/client needs and links directly to the context selected. I can produce a complex investigation into the work of others and use this to inform my designs.	I can develop an improved final solution using CAD and modelling in relation to the brief. I have correctly used tools, equipment and materials (including CAM where appropriate) have been consistently used or operated safely with a high level of skill. I can produce a high quality prototype that has the potential to be commercially viable and has been made to meet the needs of the end user. I have evidenced a constant use of quality control to ensure a high quality, accurate prototype. I have clearly shown where I have adapted my work to include feedback from QC checks and/or user.	I can fully justify the development of an improved final solution and evaluate use of the design process, with reference to the brief and peer review. I have a comprehensive understanding of testing, analysing and evaluating existing products and ongoing work. I used judgements for independent and external feedback to inform and record modifications that I make.	I have knowledge and understanding of the impact of new and emerging technologies from a user, designer and manufacturers point of view. I can discuss and explain the impact of resources consumption on the planet and measure taken to improve this. I can implement sensitive approach with design and evaluation, and avoid negative impact on individuals and groups. E.g inclusive design/religious beliefs. I can identify and explain when/why and how various production techniques and systems are used in manufacture. For example, automation, JIT.

Exceeding Working beyond ARE	I research and explore relevant information based on the users needs. I know how to use social, moral and	I can select specialist tools in my practical and my choices are justified. I justify the reasons for my choice of materials, taking into consideration their properties.	I can compare and contrast existing products, analysing them and explaining how this will influence my design.	I understand and use the properties of materials and the performance of structural elements to achieve functioning solutions.
(Trajectory for Grade 6 – 7)	cultural information to understand the user more clearly. I can independently solve design	I justify the process that I choose to make my product.	I understand and can explain developments in DT, for example use of robotics in manufacturing.	I understand how more advanced mechanical systems are used in my products and enable changes in movement and force.
	develop problems that are given to me.	I can use CAM in my work.	I test, evaluate and refine my ideas and products against a specification. I always take into account the views of users/groups.	I understand how more advanced electrical and electronic systems can be powered and used in my product.
	I have developed a specification that allows me to be innovative, functional, and create an appealing design that responds to the users needs.	I am accurate and precise when I work. I can work very safely and can coach others to do.	I understand the responsibilities of designers and engineers and clearly show this in my work.	I apply computing and use electronics to ebed intelligence in my product that respond to inputs, and control output, using programmable components.
	I have used a variety of approaches, for example, biomimicry and user centred design which has generated creative ideas that avoid stereotypical response to the brief.		This could include, inclusive design, sustainability etc. I can evaluate the impact of my product on individuals, society and the environment.	

Achieving Working at ARE	I use research to state and describe the users needs.	I can describe the tools and equipment I use. I can describe a range of materials that I use.	I analyse existing products on the market that are relevant and use these to inform my ideas.	I can understand the properties of materials and select them to improve functioning solutions.
(Trajectory for Grade 4 – 5)	I can generate at least three different ideas, listing the constraints and develop them so they're improved following user/specification analysis.	I can describe the processes that I use.	I can test and evaluate my product against the specification and improve my product as a result.	I understand how electrical and electronic systems can be powered and used in their products.
	I analyse research to write a full specification which include users views/needs.	I always work safely adhering to workshop safety rules.	I understand what my responsibilities are as a designer including reference to positive and negative impacts that products may have on the wider world.	I apply computing and use electronics in my product that respond to input and controls outputs.
	I can select different methods to develop and improve ideas e.g. CAD/Modelling in response to the specification.		I can describe new technologies and smart materials and describe how they can help the environment and end product.	I understand how mechanical systems are used in my product to enable changes in movement and force.
	I annotate ideas in response to the specification and clearly show how/why the design has been improved.			I can independently select and use how CAD/CAM in design and manufacture of my product (identify between 2D and 3D).

Developing Working towards ARE (Trajectory for Grade 2 – 3)	I use research to identify the users needs. I can generate at least three different ideas and develop them so they're improved. I use research to write a basic specification. I use different methods to develop and improve ideas e.g. CAD/Modelling. I annotate ideas so they're clear to others.	I can name the tools and equipment I use. I can name a range of materials that I use. I can list the processes that I use. My work is mostly accurate. I work safely adhering to workshop safety rules.	 I look at existing products on the market that are relevant and use these to inform my ideas. I can test and evaluate my product against the specification. I understand what my responsibilities are as a designer and show this in my work. I know about new technologies and smart materials and know how they can help the user. 	I can recall the properties of materials. I understand systems and control and know what an input and output is. I understand mechanical systems. I can select how CAD/CAM can be used in manufacture (identify between 2D and 3D).
Emerging	I can outline how the product meets my own needs.	I can prepare myself for practical.	I look at products to help me with my ideas.	I can identify the properties of some materials.
Working below ARE	I know what a specification is and can work from one	I can name some of the tools I use.	I can outline what I designed and what I made and state improvements needed.	I understand a little about systems and control and know what an input and output is.
(Trajectory for Grade U – 1)	My ideas are sketched and labelled	l can use equipment safely.	I know what some of my responsibilities are as a designer.	I understand basic mechanical systems.
	with dasic notes.	Practical work is reasonably accurate.	I know a bit about new technologies and smart materials and how they can help the user.	I know how CAD/CAM can be used in manufacture.

Assessment Objective	Design AO1	Make (Include H&S)	Evaluate AO3	Technical Knowledge
		AO2		

(Assessment Objectives refer to Design and Technology Programmes of Study)

Wider Subject Curriculum — enrichment, homework programs, quizzing, awards, trips, visits, reading / vocabulary lists, competition etc.

Resources

Glossary of key terms, rules & formula - to be spelt / used correctly

Key Terms

Vocabulary	Description
Sustainability	Working in a way that will ensure a continued supply of resources and energy for future generations (renewable/non-renewable/finite).
Environmental	Concerned with the impact or change in the environment.
Aesthetic	Our perception of beauty including sight, sound, smell, touch (mainly visual for Product Design).

Texture	The feel, appearance or consistency of a surface, substance or fabric.
Durability	The ability of a material to be hard-wearing.
Hardwoods	Come from deciduous or broadleaf trees. They are generally slow growing, hard, sold by cubic meter then rough sawn to size or mould (dowel).
Softwoods	Come from coniferous trees with needles instead of leaves. They are generally faster growing, softer, easier to work with. Supplied in standard sizes that are either rough sawn or planed smooth (PSE).
One-off	Only one product is made at a particular time (usually high quality/unique).
Batch	A series of identical products are made together, in small or large numbers (usually for a specific event).
Mass production	Products made on a production line with each worker responsible for a particular stage. Products are made in larger numbers to reduce the cost of each item.
Prototype	An accurate or working representation of what the product will do.
Quality control	Guarantees the accuracy of a product (size, material quality/ visual features).
Quality Assurance	Checks the machines, systems and staff within an organisation that make the products.
Risk assessment	The likelihood of safety problems arising from an activity (in designing and making a product).

CAD	Computer aided design is a drawn product or part of a product on a software package that can then be exported to an CAM machine (Increases accuracy and ease of repeat cuts).
САМ	Computer aided manufacture, a machine that turns a digital drawing into numerical code that plots a path for an item to be cut/drilled/milled out of a section of material.
Thermoplastics	These soften when heated and can be reshaped.
Thermosetting plastics	Heated and moulded into shape these plastics cannot be reshaped with heat because the polymer chains have been interlinked.