# Curriculum Progression Pathway

# **ENGLISH**

# Why is the study of English important?

Because English is essentially concerned with communication, whether through written or spoken form, it is a subject fundamental to personal intellectual growth and enables us to make sense of the world around us. The ability to use spoken and written language allows us to participate effectively in society and in the workforce. English is the major language of national and international communication and therefore all students need to develop the ability and confidence to speak and write competently. From Year 7 students will be building on the skills, knowledge and understanding developed in their primary schools and in reading they will tackle a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, poems and plays that include works by 19th, 20th and 21st century writers. For example, students will read and study plays by Shakespeare, exploring themes and characters and how the issues in his plays are pertinent to modern society. More modern texts, such as 'My Sister Lives on the Mantelpiece' allow students to consider themes such as friendship and loss and they invite discussion and reflection on key moral issues. There will be opportunities to explore the craft of the writer and how language is used for effect and influences the reader. Additionally, articulating a personal evaluation of a text that is supported by careful selection of evidence, and considering alternative viewpoints allows students to develop more objective insights to character and situation.

We believe that the curriculum time given to English in our schools allows the development of high standards of language and literacy so that students communicate their ideas, views and emotions with increasing fluency and confidence, whether in writing or speech.

Spoken language underpins the development of students' reading and writing in the early years of secondary school and opportunities are created for discussion and debate, collaborative and individual presentations and speeches, performing play scripts and reading poetry and stories aloud. We promote reading as a way of acquiring knowledge and as a way of exploring the world in ways that develop students culturally, emotionally, socially and intellectually. In particular, we encourage the habit and enjoyment of reading, to create assured communicators who can express and form a variety of individual ideas and opinions.

Confidence, control and skills in writing are developed through frequent opportunities to write imaginatively and through transactional writing where purpose, audience and format are significant considerations alongside content. Across all writing activities opportunities will be created to enhance and extend students' vocabulary as well as their written accuracy and develop their ability to construct and manipulate sentences for effect. Students will be able to build on the knowledge and skills gained in key stage 2 so that, for example, their understanding of grammar, and ability to employ subject-specific terminology confidently is further developed.

The English curriculum in our schools is rigorous, with appropriate challenge and consolidation to allow students of all abilities to flourish, whilst offering opportunities for increased breadth and depth for more-able students and support and intervention for students who are less fluent. The skills, knowledge and understanding developed through the early years in our schools provide a solid preparation for success in KS4 examination courses (Eduqas) and post-16 A-level courses.

# What skills will the study of English teach you?

English will develop skills in written and oral communication and will develop increasingly sophisticated skills as a reader

To speak confidently and accurately in a range of contexts



- To participate confidently in discussions, presentations, role-play and collaborative group work
- To develop the skills of exploratory, collaborative and tentative talk as a means of developing and shaping understanding
- To write accurately for a range of audiences and purposes using grammar, vocabulary, spelling and punctuation accurately
- To use language as a means to persuade, clarify, explain, narrate, express emotion
- To develop the skills of planning, drafting and editing in writing
- To acquire and use confidently a wider vocabulary
- To read for enjoyment and information
- To develop cultural awareness and knowledge of literary heritage
- To develop interpretive skills and critical thinking

#### What will you know and understand from your study of English?

- Know and experience a variety of poetry, prose and drama from the literary canon and wider sources
- Know and understand the conventions involved in reading and writing different texts
- Understand how to manipulate language for effect, for example, to persuade
- Develop an appreciation of how writers are influenced by the world that surrounds them context

### How does your study of English support your study in other subjects?

English as a subject is essentially concerned with communication, whether in written or spoken form, and developing those communication skills supports all other curricular subjects. For example, the ability to participate in and lead discussions involves listening to others, considering alternative viewpoints and perspectives and using judgement to weigh up arguments. It frequently demands negotiation and team working when presenting ideas and information and the ability to articulate concise ideas and opinions, show an understanding of texts, base conclusions on research or evidence and so on. Because speaking and listening activities in English are often built around collaborative work, having respect for others' views and contributions develops self-discipline and empathy for others. These are transferable skills that impact on all other subjects. Most subjects involve written work and because work in English is often about honing and improving the quality and accuracy of written work, the skills and knowledge about aspects of language such as spelling and grammar and technical accuracy, have a positive impact on the quality of written work in other curriculum subjects. All students study English Literature and the deep study of texts helps develop skills of analysis, perhaps of themes, language, characters, social change or historical events. At its best, Literature illuminates the human condition and offers the reader opportunities to explore and reflect on situations others have faced. As a result, English Literature can be seen as a powerful agent for social, moral, cultural and spiritual development.

## How can students deepen their understanding of English?

As a subject, English involves a lot of writing, including extended creative and transactional responses and the quality and accuracy of students' writing is only developed by 'doing writing'.

Much of the written work will be underpinned by reading, so that students are exposed to a variety of fiction and non-fiction reading that provide models for the students' own writing. Some would say that before you can write well, you must read a lot and so reading will underpin most written work in English, whether that is studying literature or non-fiction writing such as extracts from autobiographies or biographies, diaries, reports, articles and multi-modal texts of various kinds from newspapers and magazines, and the internet.

Students will be given lots of opportunities to write, simply because asking them to spend more time articulating their thoughts and ideas and organising them improves their understanding of what they want to say and how to say it in increasingly effective ways. There are a wealth of activities to engage in beyond the classroom be it book clubs, debating groups, creative writing or film clubs.

#### How are you assessed in English?

In English, students are assessed using the following assessment objectives which form the basis of assessment at GCSE. They cover the skills assessed in Reading (AO I-4), Writing (AO5-6) and Speaking and Listening (AO7-9). There are half term assessment points each year that we term Praising Stars©. For younger years we base our assessment on our subject mapping of the age related expectations across the curriculum, assessing students' performance at their current stage of study against expectation. At GCSE we make informed predictions informed by our holistic assessment of their progress against the key assessment objectives and their aspirational GCSE targets. These are also the basis for any appropriate support and intervention.

#### Key Assessment Objectives

#### AOI

- · Identify and interpret explicit and implicit information and ideas
- Select and synthesise evidence from different texts

#### AO2

Explain, comment on analyse how writers use language and structure to achieve effects and influence readers, using relevant subject terminology to support their views

#### AO3

Compare writers' ideas and perspectives, as well as how these are conveyed, across two or more texts

#### AO4

Evaluate texts critically and support this with appropriate textual references

#### AO<sub>5</sub>

- Communicate clearly, effectively, and imaginatively, selecting and adapting tone, style and register for different forms, purposes and audiences
- Organise information and ideas, using structural and grammatical features to support coherence and cohesion of texts

#### AO6

• Candidates must use a range of vocabulary and sentence structures for clarity, purpose and effect, with accurate spelling and punctuation. (This requirement must constitute 20% of the marks for each specification as a whole.)

#### AO7

Demonstrate presentation skills in a formal setting

#### AO8

• Listen and respond appropriately to spoken language, including to questions and feedback to presentations

#### AO9

• Use spoken Standard English effectively in speeches and presentations.

# How can the study of English support students beyond school?

English provides a strong foundation for any job or profession that involves communication, writing and/or literary knowledge. These include advertising and marketing, writing and journalism, law, teaching, performing arts, government, linguistics, foreign languages, media and design. Careers in the sciences, engineering, technology and maths also need English and in fact any profession that requires analytical thinking, strong verbal and written communication, imagination or creativity can draw on the key skills acquired whilst studying English.

Careers that the study of English supports include:

- Journalism
- Teaching
- Publishing: copy editor / proof-reader
- Editorial Assistant
- Law: solicitor / barrister/ paralegal
- Librarian / Archivist
- Screenwriter
- Marketing & advertising
- Social media
- Web content manager
- Public Relations
- Human Resources
- Events management
- Research

| CURRICULUM PROGRESSION PATHWAY FOR ENGLISH AT OUTWOOD ACADEMY RIPON |   |  |                 |   |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|-----------------|---|---|--|--|
|   | YEAR 7 Each half term includes a different written accuracy focus.  | YEAR 8  Each half term includes a different written accuracy focus.  | YEAR 9          | YEAR 10 OGAT teaching plan  | YEAR II (OGAT Teaching Plan)  |  |  |
| Autumn  | Study of a novel- My Sister Lives on the Mantelpiece  | Literary study - Myths and Legends  Fiction writing - Introduction to Gothic Literature  Start: Literary study - Victorian Crime (includes the Arthur Conan Doyle short story 'The Adventure of Silver Blaze') | ,               | English Language - Narrative writing English Language - Reading AO1 and AO2  English Literature - Anthology Poetry  English Literature - A Christmas Carol    | writing   |  |  |
| Autumn<br>2   | Complete: Study of a novel- My Sister Lives on the Mantelpiece  Start: Non-Fiction Writing - exploring inspiring individuals who have changed the world | Complete: Literary study -<br>Victorian Crime (includes the<br>Arthur Conan Doyle short story<br>'The Adventure of Silver Blaze')  | Poetry by women | English Language - Narrative writing English Language - Reading AOI, AO3 and AO4 English Literature - A Christmas Carol English Literature - Anthology Poetry | English Language - Narrative writing English Language - Reading AOI, AO2, AO3 and AO4  English Language - Transactional writing English Literature - Unseen Poetry English Literature - A Christmas Carol |  |  |

| Spring I    | Complete: Non-Fiction Writing - exploring inspiring individuals who have changed the world  Start: Poisonous Poetry | Start: Study of a novel - <i>Ghost Boys</i>                                     | Start: Fiction writing - Multicultural<br>British experiences in Literature  | English Language - Narrative writing  English Language - AOI, AO2 and AO3  English Literature - Macbeth  English Literature - Anthology Poetry        | English Language - Transactional writing  English Language - Narrative writing  English Language - Reading AOI, AO2, AO3 and AO4  English Literature - An Inspector Calls  English Literature - Anthology Poetry  English Literature - Macbeth |
|-------------|---|---|--|---|--|
| Spring 2    | Complete: Poisonous Poetry  Start: Shakespeare study- A  Midsummer Night's Dream                                    | Study of a novel - Ghost Boys   | Complete: Fiction writing - Multicultural British experiences in Literature  Start: Study of a play - Blood Brothers | English Language - Transactional writing  English Language - C1 paper  English Literature - An Inspector Calls  English Literature - Anthology Poetry | English Language - revision of:  Narrative Writing  Transactional writing  Comp. I + 2 whole papers  English Literature - revision of texts  |
| Summer<br>I | Complete: Shakespeare study- <i>A Midsummer Night's Dream</i> Start: Literary study - <i>Frankenstein</i>           | Complete: Study of a novel - Ghost Boys  Start: Shakespeare study - The Tempest | Complete: Study of a play - <i>Blood Brothers</i> Start: Study of a novel - <i>The Woman in Black</i>                | English Language - revision of CI skills  English Literature - revision and consolidation of texts and poems  |  |
| Summer<br>2 | Complete: Literary study -<br>Frankenstein  | Complete: Shakespeare study - <i>The Tempest</i>                                | Complete: Study of a novel - <i>The</i> Woman in Black   |   |  |

| Non-fiction - 'Language Change and<br>Early English Literature' |  |
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