Curriculum Progression Pathway

PERFORMING ARTS



Why is the study of Performing Arts important?

Performing Arts means practically exploring performance methods and techniques, as well as developing analytical skills through the evaluation of live and recorded performance work. Performing Arts also means the use of drama and dance techniques to explore issue based work relating to personal development and moral/ethical dilemmas. Its study will require learners to question the purpose of performance and the intention of a range of choreographers/practitioners/theatre and dance companies/playwrights in their creation of performance work.

Learners will also explore their own creative intention and develop their personal performance skills in expressing their thoughts and ideas through the medium of dance and/or drama. Performance studies will encourage students to express their personal views within group work and through the creative choices they make about your choreography, devised drama and/or scripted work. From Year 7 they will have the exciting opportunity to develop their practical understanding of performance skills including techniques such as characterisation and physical/vocal expression in Drama and timing, flexibility, alignment, and co-ordination within Dance. In Drama, they will also learn all of the basic devising and staging techniques to create their own work such as still images, thought tracks, narration, blocking, split staging and movement devices. In Dance, students will learn how to create their own choreography using inventive body actions and devices such as canon and unison, how to structure the actions into a sequence and make decisions about dynamics. Learners will perform their work regularly in order to develop their confidence and develop a strong understanding of the audience experience. Student's study of Performing Arts will encourage them to think deeply and help them to effectively express themselves— a great life skill that all universities and employers will appreciate.

Across their study of Dance, learners will be exposed to the work of professional choreographers and companies such as Christopher Bruce, Kate Prince/Zoonation, Bob Fosse, Jerome Robbins, Ashley Wallen, Matthew Bourne and Motionhouse. Students will learn about contrasting approaches to performance, and why the key practitioners developed these different approaches to suit the intention of their work. In Dance, learners will analyse professional repertoire and use their understanding to stage their own versions of iconic pieces of choreography. Lessons will provide a wide range of opportunities for practical workshopping, developing performance material, staging extracts of performance work to other members of the class. The Performing Arts classroom should be brimming with practical opportunities for students to express themselves and share their ideas with others.

Big Questions such as why people create performance and the intended impact on their audience will be considered through study of this subject. Learners will develop their understanding of how performance has changed over the centuries and consider the reason why this might be. Study of Performing Arts will encourage learners to question the purpose of performance through the analysis of ground-breaking performance companies such as Rambert Dance Company. In Dance, learners will explore choreographers that use the medium of dance to explore political and social issues in iconic pieces such as 'Ghost Dances' by Christopher Bruce or 'Revelations' by Alvin



Ailey. Exploration of all these key concepts will have a practical focus, which will allow students to develop their own practical skills at the same time. Learners will practically explore the techniques of choreographers and dancers such as Bob Fosse and Christopher Bruce, and apply performance techniques in a range of scripted, devising and choreography tasks.

What students will know and understand from their study of Performing Arts

What skills will the study of Performing Arts teach?

As a citizen in this world, students need to know how to work collaboratively with other people, express their personal views, understand their view of others, and communicate clearly. Performing Arts provides a framework for understanding people through the analysis of characters, playwrights and live performance work; as well as the opportunity to work collaboratively to create work that will express their own ideas.

Dance will teach students to...

- Perform dance with control, fluency, accuracy and the correct timing
- Develop physical skills such as posture, alignment, flexibility stamina and strength
- Use dynamics to emphasise the mood and meaning of the dance
- Create effective choreography that has a logical structure and utilises choreographic devices
- Analyse the effectiveness of your own choreography and use of dance skills
- Express your ideas within a group during collaborative creative tasks
- Communicate ideas through the use of dance skills

What will learners know and understand from their study of Performance?

- Playwrights and choreographers have an intention for their work and there is often a political or social meaning within the work.
- There are many different styles of theatre and dance that have been developed with different approaches and intentions
- Theatre and Dance practitioners have developed a range of different approaches to match the intention of their work
- The importance of considering your audience in the creation of performance work
- To articulate the aspects of a piece of performance that they like/dislike and why
- Understand the response from your audience and adapt their work to increase the clarity and effectiveness

Curriculum Guidelines

To ensure the curriculum in Performing Arts is knowledge rich and offers learners significant opportunities to expand their knowledge of the subject, all learners must cover the following within their year 7/8 curriculum:

Genre/Style- All students must be exposed to at least one genre/style within their Performing Arts curriculum. For example, Jazz, Street, Contemporary in Dance. They should develop a practical understanding of the genre, as well as the historical context and key practitioners/choreographers.

Contemporary Practitioners -

In Dance, all learners must explore the work of one current choreographer. For example, Christopher Bruce, Alvin Ailey, Bob Fosse. Learners should understand the intention of the choreographer and have the opportunity to learn short sections of repertoire.

Creating- All learners must be given the opportunity to use devising/choreography skills in creating their own work. They should be clear about their intentions for their work and evaluate the success.

Professional Work- All learners must be exposed to one piece of professional work. They should have the opportunity to view the work and carry out activities to allow them to analyse the intention and success of the piece.

PERFORMING ARTS CURRICULUM PROGRESSION PATHWAY AT OUTWOOD ACADEMY CARLTON

YEAR 7	YEAR 8	YEAR 9	YEAR 10	Year II
Matilda (Exploring the style	High School Musical (Musical	Introduction to KS4 dance	Introduction to BTEC course	Exploring the performing
Introduction to dance and the	Theatre)	skills and terminology	and component I and 2	arts - style contemporary
key terminology and vocabulary				
used when creating dance.	How to apply the use of props to	Introduction to key terminology	Introduction to the Tech Award	Tech Award
	make dance effective. Focus on	and skills. Students will explore	Performing Arts Course including	Component I
Developing basic actions, use of	timing and coordination with the	how to apply basic performance	learning about the grading criteria	Examining professional work
levels and confidence in dance	prop and as a group and explore	and technical skills into an extract	and requirements of the course.	Learners will explore and
	pathway and direction to make a	of professional repertoire		examine the style in practical
Introduction of basic	sequence effective.		Skills based introduction	workshops and watch recorded
choreographic skills - canon and			(technical and performance),	and live performances.
unison			alongside baseline assessment	Project I - research and examine
			task.	purpos <mark>e, i</mark> ntention, examine
				various roles and responsibilities

Matilda (Exploring the style Introduction to dance and the key terminology and vocabulary used when performing dance. Develop uses of emphasis of movement and awareness of other performance skills Secure confidence in performing to an audience	Development of skills and analysing progress Students will continue to develop basic skills in dance and performance analysing their strengths and areas of weakness whilst replicating professional repertoire	Exploring the performing arts – style Jazz – Tech Award Component I Examining professional work Learners will explore and examine the style in practical workshops and watch recorded and live performances. Project I - research and examine purpose, intention, examine various roles and responsibilities and an understanding of how they contribute to the choreographic process. explore the interrelationships between chosen styles/choreographers including how they respond to a brief, set tasks, rehearsal process etc.	and an understanding of how they contribute to the choreographic process. explore the interrelationships between chosen styles/choreographers including how they respond to a brief, set tasks, rehearsal process etc. Tech Award Component 3: Responding to a Brief: Learners will be given the opportunity to work as part of a group to contribute to a workshop performance as either a performer in response to a given brief and stimulus
Hairspray (Exploring Characterisation) Developing key dance skills	Exploring various styles of dance Students will continue to develop both performance and technical	Exploring the performing arts - style contemporary-	
with a specific focus on characterization skills, reduce inhibitions about dance.	skills whilst learning extracts of professional contemporary repertoire	Tech Award Component I Examining professional work	A B

Develop timing & basic getting Learners will explore and students to develop work in examine the style in practical beats of 8 workshops and watch recorded Introduce collaborative and live performances. structures and solving problems Project 2 - research and examine as a team purpose, intention, examine various roles and responsibilities and an understanding of how they contribute to the choreographic process. explore the interrelationships between chosen styles/choreographers including how they respond to a brief, set tasks, rehearsal process etc. **Exploring various styles of Exploring the performing** arts - style hip hop/street dance Students will continue to develop Tech Award Component I **Rock and Roll (Exploring** both performance and technical Examining professional work style) skills whilst learning extracts of Learners will explore and professional jazz repertoire Introduce the students to another examine the style in practical genre of dance and develop group workshops and watch recorded and partner work Develop use of and live performances. levels and timing by exploring the Project I - research and examine use of counter balance and tension purpose, intention, examine to start to develop lifts. work various roles and responsibilities and an understanding of how they

	Bugsy Malone (Dance -		Developing skills and	contribute to the choreographic	
	Musicals)	I		process.	
	Liusicais)	ı	techniques in the performing	explore the interrelationships	
	Introduction of props into a dance	I	<u>arts</u>	between chosen	
	and how the impacts on timing.	I		styles/choreographers including	
	Use of unison, canon and pathways	I	Students will apply the skills and	how they respond to a brief, set	
	in a dance and how they can be	I	knowledge they have learnt to 3	tasks, rehearsal process etc.	
	effective	I	styles of dance and review their	tasks, remear san process etc.	
	Develop characterisation with	I	own progress in preparation for		
	students and the opportunity to	I	BTEC dance.		
	'dress up' and become a character	ı			
	and explore how movements	I			7.8
	develop character and plot.	I	The constitution of the first		
		ı	They will develop their		
		ı	performance and technical skill	12	
		ı	whilst researching the various roles	400	
		ı	within the theatre and what is		A C
			involved in creating a production		
Summer 2	Through the decades (dance	Dance choreography and	Refining skills and techniques	Tech Award Component 2:	
	appreciation)	appreciation (motif and	for performance	Developing skills and	- 1-1-V
		<u>development)</u>		techniques in the performing	
	Students learn short phrase of	I	Students will recall all the dances	<u>arts</u>	
	dance from each decade (usually	Recall the skills and processes	they have developed and prepare		
	popular dance craze related – Tik	used to create choreography.	•	Apply skills and techniques in the	
	Tok/fornite to engage students	Students work in groups to	1 .	performing arts	
	Students learn extracts of dances	develop their own work that is	producing a production	Review own performance	10
	from other decades and discuss	recorded and assessed by their			
	features of the style. Then using	peers. Style/genre/artist will be		Students will practice and perform	1 11 000
	skills developed work	dependent on group/s		the pieces they have studied	
	collaboratively to develop their	ı		showing their application of skills	
	own dance in their chosen	ı		and techniques. They will	

decade/style.	Work together in	continually review their process,	
small groups	vhich are performed	respond to feedback and evaluate	
and then asse	ssed regularly by	their work.	
their peers.			